#### CENTER FOR RECONSTRUCTIVE URETHRAL SURGERY



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#### 9th Conference of the Arab Association of Urology

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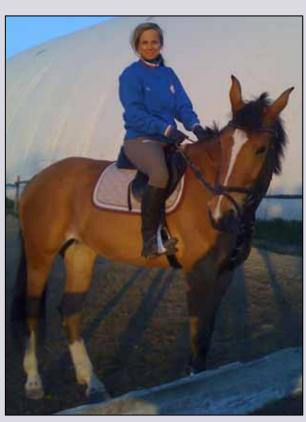
Amman – Jordan

22 – 24 November 2011

### The Team



**Salvatore Sansalone** 

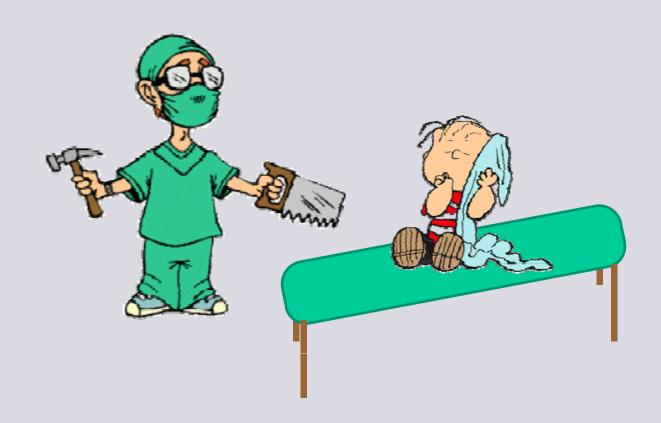


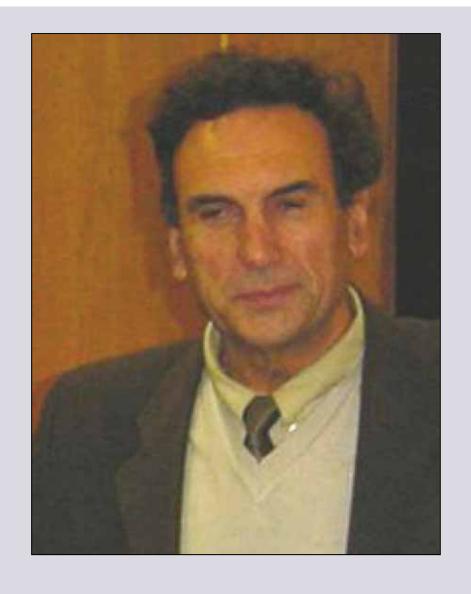
Sofia Balò



**Giuseppe Romano** 

# Surgical options in adult patients with failed hypospadias repair





Professor Sava Perovic – Belgrade - Serbia



#### **Original Paper**

Urol Int 319856 DOI: 10.1159/000319856

#### Surgical Challenge in Patients Who Underwent Failed Hypospadias Repair: Is It Time to Change?

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# The study is a retrospective observational analysis of the patient chart of those who were treated for failed hypospadias repair in 2 centers from 1988 to 2007

223 patients

The Center for Reconstructive Urethral Surgery

**Arezzo - Italy** 

1176 patients

953 patients

The University
Children's
Hospital

Belgrade - Serbia

# Our experience on 1176 patients showed four different types of surgical options:

- 1. Patient requiring only urethroplasty
- 2. Patient requiring only corporoplasty
- 3. Patient requiring urethroplasty and corporoplasty
- 4. Patient requiring complete resurfacing of the genitalia

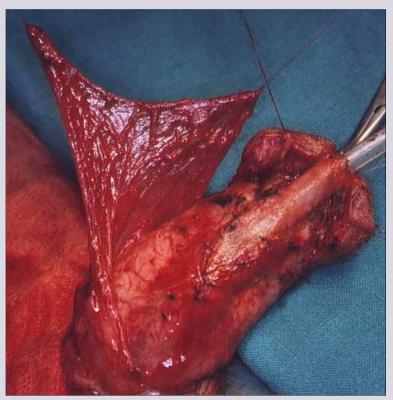
Group	Type of complication	Type of repair	N° patients
1	meatal or urethral stricture, retrusive meatus, fistula, diverticulum, other	urethroplasty	301 (25.5%)
2	residual penile curvature, corpora cavernosa deformity, penile shortening or torsion	corporoplasy	60 (5.2%)
3	stricture, fistula, diverticulum associated with residual glans or penile curvature or deformity	urethroplasty corporoplasty	166 (14.1%)
4	glans dehiscence, glans necrosis, glans torsion or curvature, loss of penile/srcotal skin, midline septum, abnormal peno.scrotal or peno.pubic junction, buried penis, trapped penis, other	genitalia resurfacing	649 (55.2%)
total			1176

#### **Urethroplasty**

Group	Type of complication	Type of repair	N° patients
1	meatal-urethral stricture, retrusive meatus, fistula, diverticulum, other	urethroplasty	301 (25.5%)

#### Ventral onlay oral mucosa graft







#### Dorsal onlay oral mucosa graft



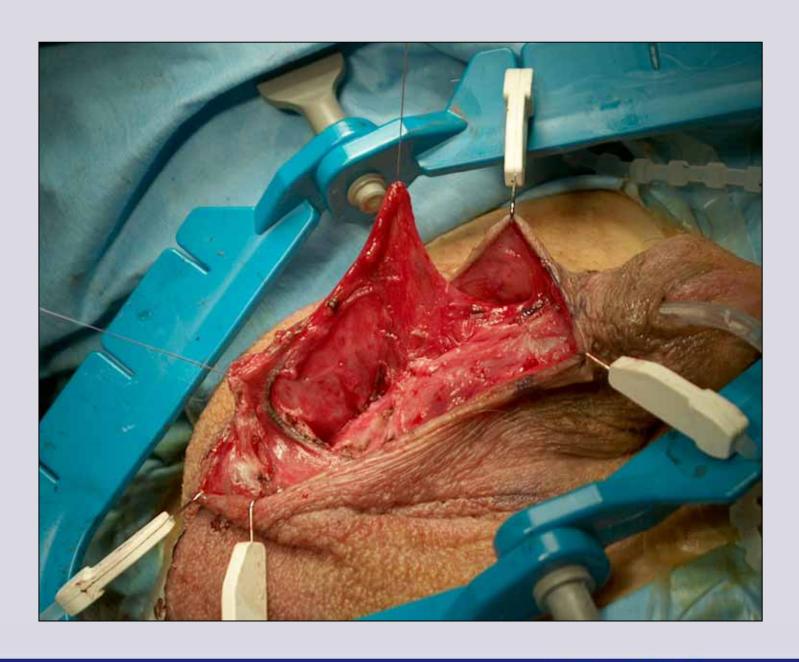




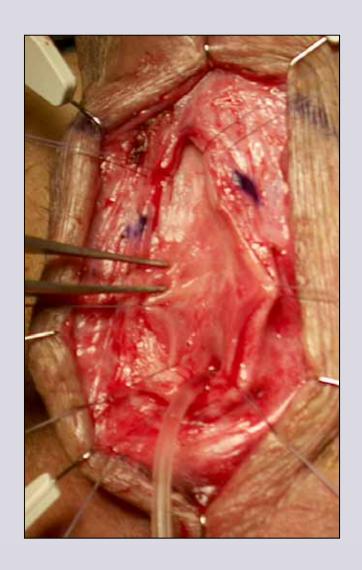




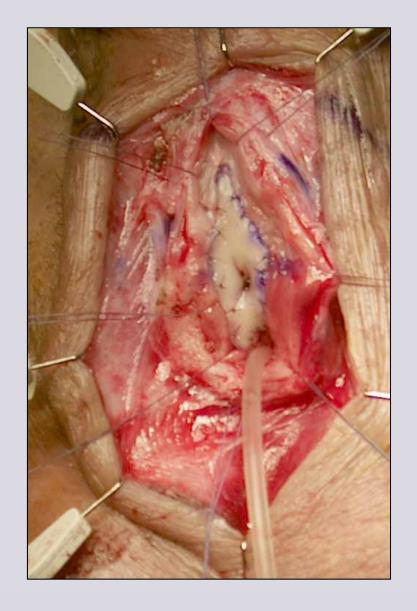




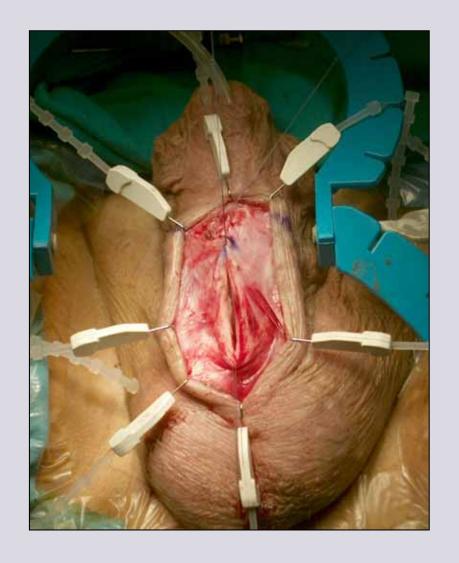
#### Dorsal inlay oral mucosa graft

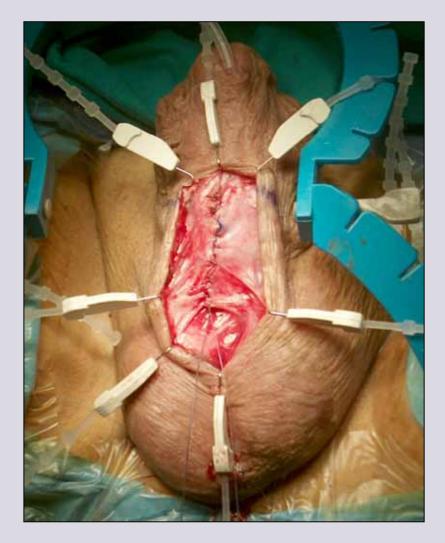






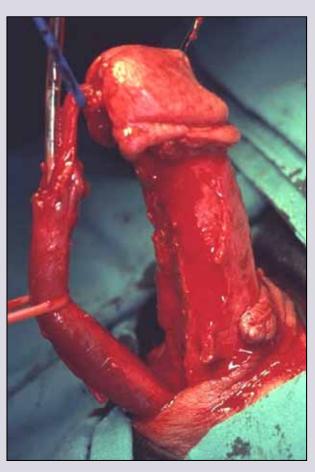


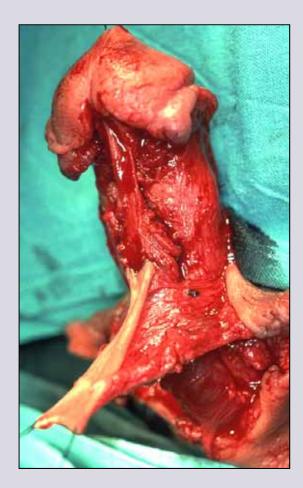


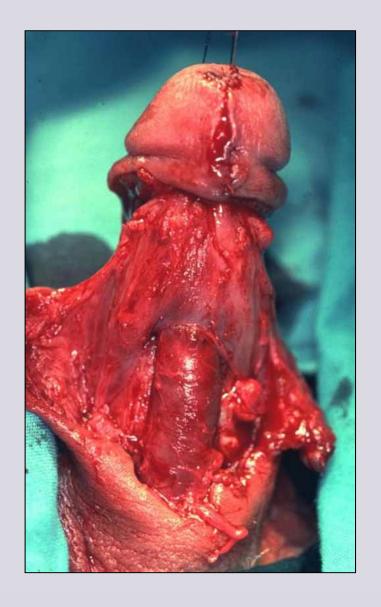


#### **Dartos fascial flap urethroplasty**











## Combined dartos fascial flap and oral mucosal graft urethroplasty





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### Two-stage urethroplasty with oral mucosal graft

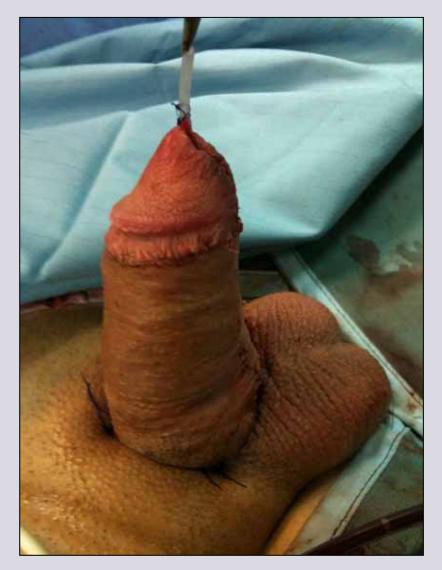












Oral mucosa is a versatile material to use in one-stage

(onlay – inlay), two-stage or combined (flap + graft)

procedures for urethral reconstruction in patients

with failed hypospadias repair.

#### The choice of the surgical technique should be based on:

- Intraoperative features of the stricture and genitalia.
- Surgeon preference (flap vs graft) (skin vs oral mucosa) (one-stage vs two-stage).
- Surgeon background (pediatric vs adult) (plastic vs urologist).

### Corporoplasty

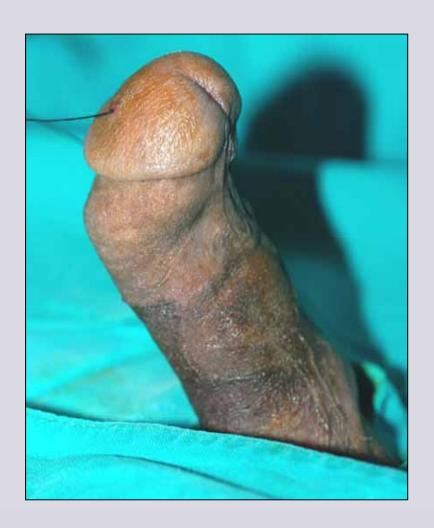
Group	Type of complication	Type of repair	N° patients
2	residual penile curvature, corpora cavernosa deformity, penile shortening or torsion	corporoplasy	60 (5.2%)

### Shorthening technique using multiple small incision and suture





## Shorthening technique using penile disassembly and incision corporoplasty











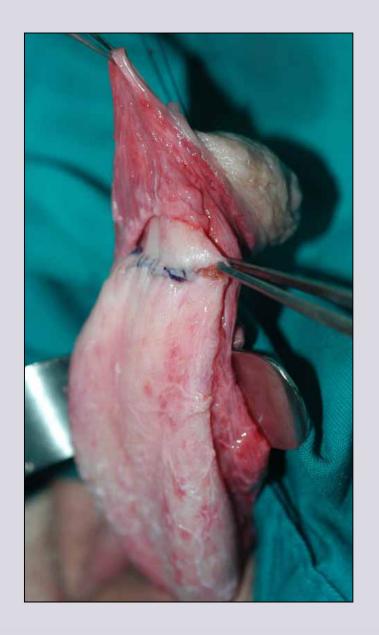


## Double "S" curvature (arrows) modified using double incision and corporoplasty



ventral

dorsal







The Nesbit's technique still represents a simple and effective procedure in patients with residual penile curvature due to failed hypospadias repair.

In selected patients, the technique require to be modified and settled according to the feauture of the penile curvature or torsion.

## **Urethroplasty and corporoplasty**

Group	Type of complication	Type of repair	N° patients
3	stricture, fistula, diverticulum associated with residual glans or penile curvature or deformity	urethroplasty corporoplasty	166 (14.1%)

Urol Int 2010; 85: 427-435

#### Urethral fistula and residual distal curvature



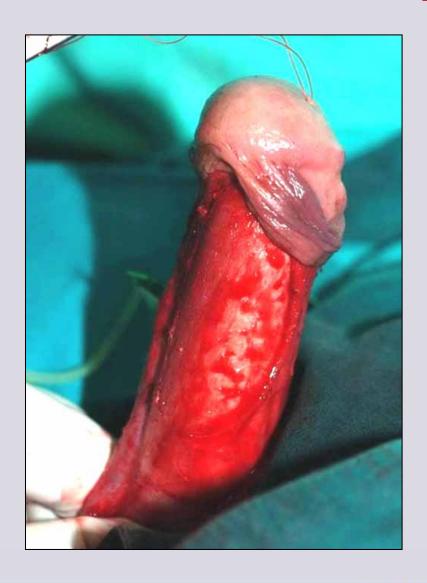


## Multiple incisions and suture corporoplasty

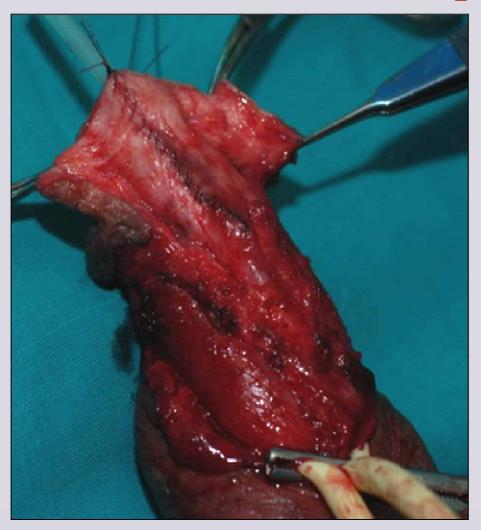




## Multiple incisions and suture corporoplasty



# One-stage urethroplasty covered by dartos fascial flap

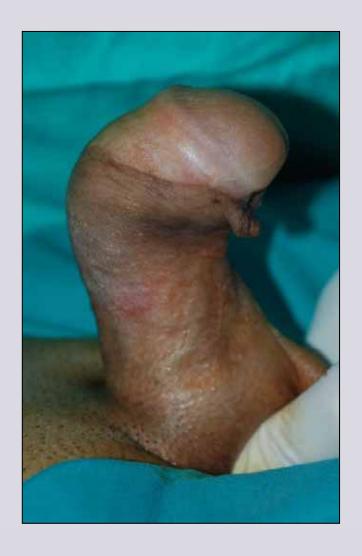








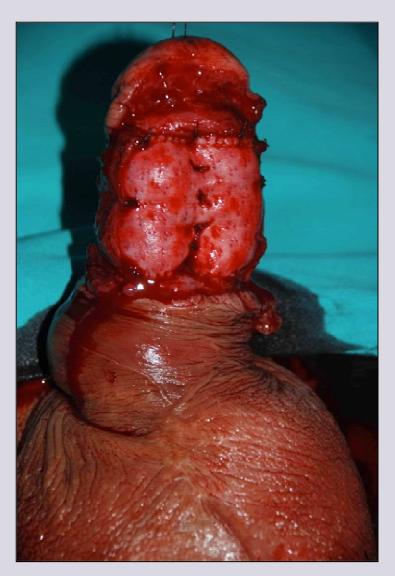
## Short urethra, fistula and residual distal curvature





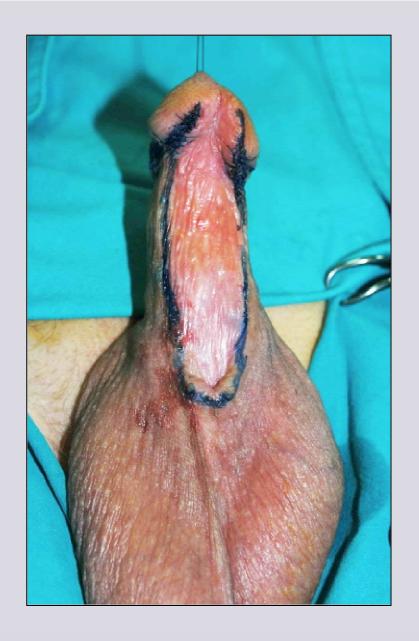
# Ventral graft for penile lenghtening

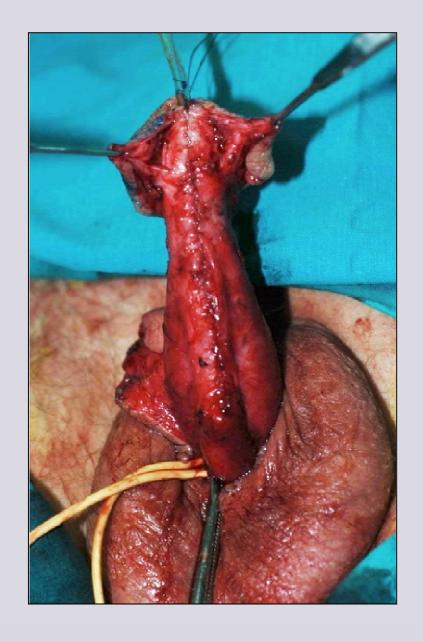


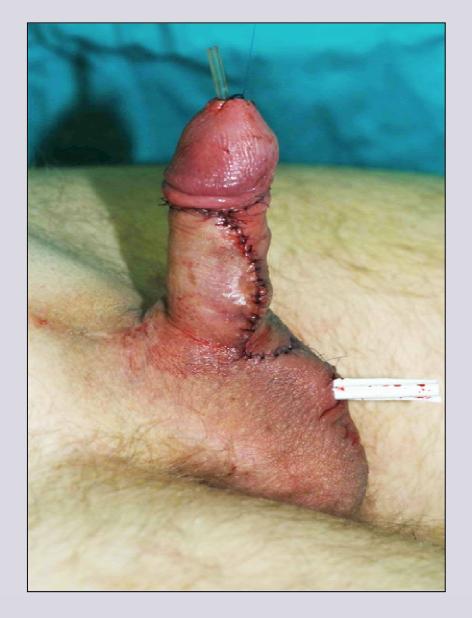


# Two-stage urethroplasty using oral graft











Patients with failed hypospadias repair requiring combined urethroplasty and corporoplasty still represent a difficult population to treat.

In selected patients, combined two-stage
urethroplasty and corporoplasty using grafting material is often
necessary to obtain a satisfactory penile lenght and functional
urethra.

## Genitalia resurfacing

Group	Type of complication	Type of repair	N° patients
4	glans dehiscence, glans necrosis, glans torsion or curvature, loss of penile/srcotal skin, midline septum, abnormal peno.scrotal or peno.pubic junction, buried penis, trapped penis, other	genitalia resurfacing	649 (55.2%)

Urol Int 2010; 85: 427-435







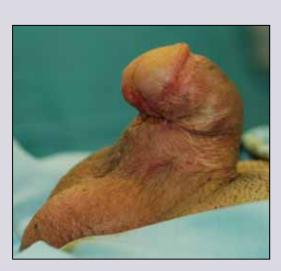


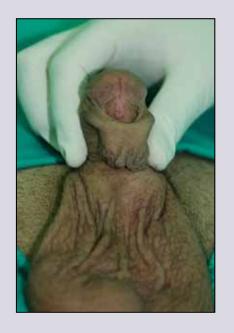




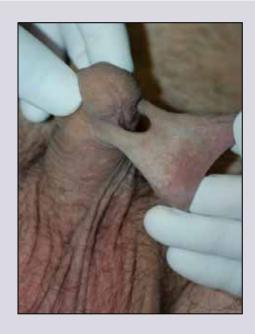












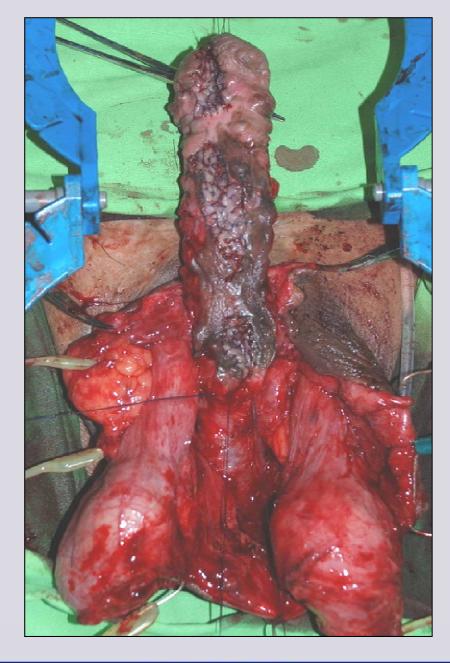








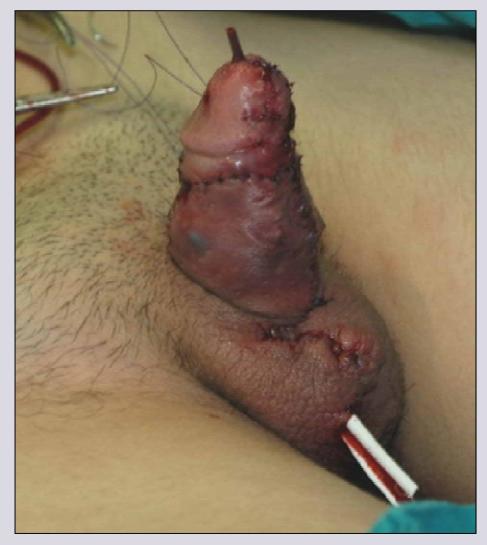


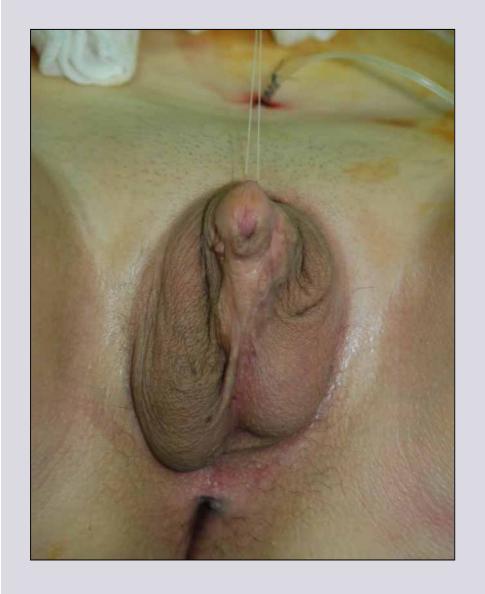


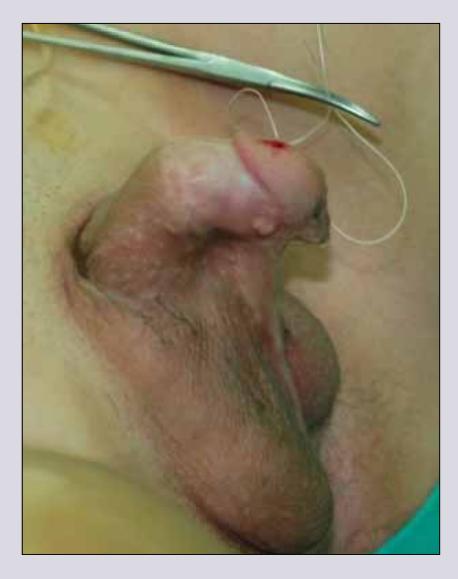
























Completely straightened and lenghtened penis

















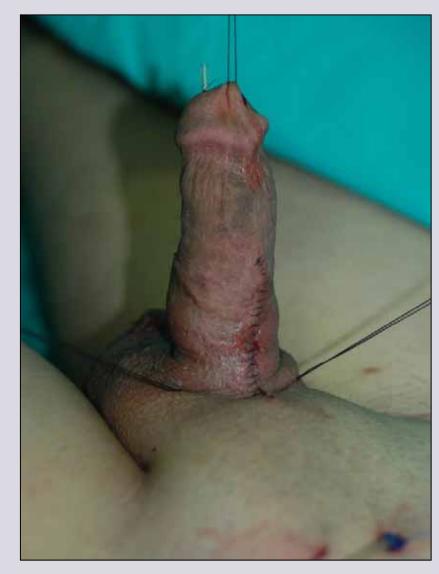




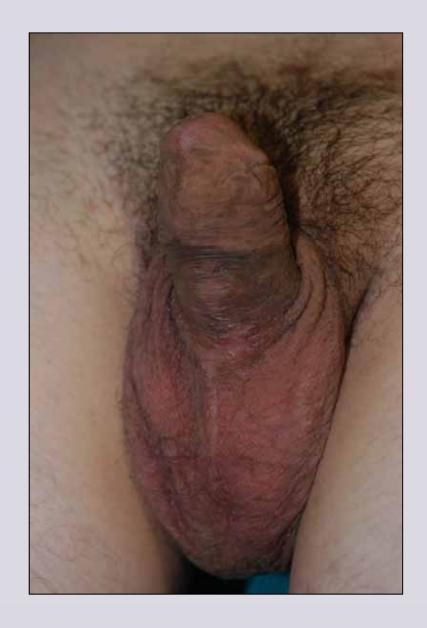












Patients with failed hypospadias repair requiring complete resurfacing of the genitalia should be referred to a specialized center.

#### Success or failure?

- > End-point of the reconstructive surgical itinerary
- > No meatal or urethral dilation
- ➤ Absence of complications or poor aesthetic outcome requiring revision

## Results in 1176 patients

Type of repair	N° patients	Mean follow-up months	Success rate %	Failure rate %
urethroplasty	301 (25.5%)	58.6 (12-186)	270 (89.7%)	31 (10.3)
corporoplasy	60 (5.2%)	63.2 (12-237)	58 (96%)	2 (3.3%)
urethroplasty corporoplasty	166 (14.1%)	60 (12-210)	147 (88.5%)	19 (11.5%)
genitalia resurfacing	649 (55.2%)	59.8 (12-192)	561 (86.4%)	88 (13.6%)
total	1176	60.4 (12-237)	1036 (88.1%)	140 (11.9%)

Urol Int 2010; 85: 427-435

#### **Conclusions**

Failed hypospadias repair is not a problem for the pediatric urologist, because the mean age of patients was 31 years.

Failed hypospadias repair is not a problem for the urethral surgeon, because only in 25.5% of cases the reoperative surgery was restricted only to the urethra.

Failed hypospadias repair involves, in the majority of patients (55.2%), the urethra, corpora cavernosa, glans, penile shaft and skin, requiring complete resurfacing of the genitalia.

#### **Conclusions**

Failed hypospadias repair is a complex problem requiring full collaboration between the urethral surgeon and the surgeon widely skilled in reconstructive surgery of the genitalia (penile prosthesis implant, surgery for Peyronie's disease, surgery for male to female transition, surgery for complex defects of the corpora cavernosa).

#### **Conclusions**

Shouldn't patients with complex failed hypospadias repair be referred to a Center of expertise?



**Dr. Rados Djinovic – Perovic Foundation** 

Belgrade - Serbia



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